Telemedicine -

Planning, Execution and Future

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WHY MOST TELEMEDICINE SYSTEMS FAIL ?





THE PRIMARY REASON IS THAT THE SYSTEMS WERE NOT DESIGNED TO MEET A VALID NEED

Planning

Strategy

Goals and Objectivities

Program Organization

- Relationship to Specialist and clinicians
- Hierarchy

Nature and Scope of Services

- Clinical / Education and Training / Awareness
- Impact of Services
 - Level of usage and impact on the Programme
- Financial Plan

Telemedicine

Planning

Legal Issues Time Line Future plans (Near and Long term) Improve service and equipment Plans to expand type of services offered

Telemedicine

Scope of Services

Patient Care

Education

Awareness

Research collaboration

Planning

Patient Care





Education

CME for Physicians, Specialists and Paramedics

 Training for Technicians
 Higher education - International and National Connectivity
 Surgery broadcasting

Awareness







Research Collaboration

Connectivity among Research Centers

Planning



Future Plans

Future plans (Near and Long term)

- Improve service and equipment
- Plans to expand type of services offered
- Miniature of Equipments
- Creating HL7 and DICOM Standard software (Low Cost)
- Tele-mentoring

Planning

Execution

- Finance and Grants
 Site preparation and vehicle design
- Connectivity and Network Protocol
- Software and Standards (DICOM & HL 7)
- Computer Hardware

- Selection of Equipments and Instruments
- System products and its standards
- Personnel and Training

 Management Information systems

National & International
 Collaboration

Finance

Budget for the Project

Self Sustenance of Project

- Capital Purchase
 - Grants ?
- Revenue Expenditure
- Income ?
- Plan for next five years

Site Preparation

- Size and type of the Room
- Lighting
- Electricity and back-up with required safety
- Background and Audio Engineering
- Air Condition
- General Ambience

Vehicle Design

What do you need to do with the Mobile unit

- Selection of Chassis and body works
- Air Condition and Dust proof
- Vibration due to Road conditions
- Power Back-up facilities (Dual System)
- Teleconsultation Connectivity opitions VSAT / ISDN / Wireless ?
 CUITION

Connectivity and Network Protocol Available bandwidth in your area Estimate the general quality /frequency of information transmission required Remember, determine what you need to do from your available bandwidth. Then and only then, start researching hardware and software to meet those needs.

Software and Standards

Software

- Internet or Server and client
- Chatting Utility
- Desktop video Collaboration
- Picture Acquiring
- Electronic Medical Records
- In-house development or Select the vendor
- Standards (DICOM & HL7)

Computer Hardware

Computer Hardware

- Servers
- Clients (Desktop)
- Grabbing Cards for Audio and Video

Equipment and Instruments

Equipments and Instruments

Analog to Digital output

- Digital output
- Video Camera
- Digital Still Camera
- Support from the Vendor

System Products

- Video Collaboration
 - Desk top
- Personal Systems
- Small to medium Group Conference
- Medium to Group Conference
- Support from the Vendor
- Standards

Personnel and Training

 The key person of the Project is "Telemedicine Administrator"

- Training for the doctors is very important
- Personnel in the Vehicle must be multiskilled.
- Provide for short-term replacements necessitated due to leave / sickness

Information systems

Management Information systems

- Financial details
- Monthly Projected and actual
- Periodic reviews of the Project

Future

Internet2 EDUSAT Newer Instruments and Equipments Higher bandwidth (OFC) Faster Computers Price More jobs in Telemedicine Telemedicine

Related Areas



Robotic Surgery

Virtual Class Room

Telemedicine



FUTURE OF TELEMEDICINE IN INDIA IS BRIGHT

AND WE CAN MAKE IT BRIGHTER

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